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Extract from revised laws, chapter 75, section 71:

SEC. 71. The board, if satisfied upon examination that a building, tenement, room, or cellar in its town which is occupied as a dwelling place has become, by reason of the number of occupants, uncleanness, or other cause, unfit for such purpose, and is liable to become a nuisance or to be a cause of sickness to the occupants or to the public, may issue a notice in writing to such occupants or any of them, requiring the premises to be put into a cleanly condition, or to be vacated within such time as the board may deem reasonable. If the persons so notified neglect or refuse to comply with the terms of the notice, the board may cause the premises to be properly cleansed at the expense of the owner, or may remove the occupants forcibly and close up the premises, which shall not again be occupied as a dwelling place without its permission in writing. If the owner thereafter occupies or knowingly permits the same to be occupied without such permission in writing, he shall forfeit not less than \$10 nor more than \$50.

REG. 25. In considering the number of occupants in accordance with the foregoing section, this board will consider a sleeping room to be overcrowded unless there should be at least 400 cubic feet of air space for each inhabitant occupying the same. [Regulation board of health, adopted Mar. 22, 1910.]

#### UNWHOLESOME FOOD—SALE OF.

REG. 26. No person shall sell or offer for sale, or have in his possession with intent to sell, in this city, any unwholesome, decayed, or stale fruit, vegetables, or provisions of any kind whatever, or any tainted, diseased, corrupt, decayed, or unwholesome meat or fish, or any adulterated article of food. [Regulation board of health, adopted Mar. 22, 1910.]

#### PROTECTION OF FOODSTUFFS.

REG. 27. Whereas the exposure of foodstuffs to street dust, insects, and animals is liable to infect and corrupt such foodstuffs, it is hereby ordered that meat, poultry, game, fish, sea food, dried or preserved fruits, dates, figs, cherries, grapes, berries, cut fruits, cut melons, cracked nuts or nut meats, candies, maple sugar, confectionery, or bakers' products shall not be kept, sold, or offered for sale in or near an open window or doorway, outside of a building or in any street, private way, or public place of the city of Salem, unless so covered or screened as to be protected from dust and flies or from contact with animals.

No article intended to be used as food shall be exposed or displayed in any street or way, or in front of any place of business, unless the bottom of the box or other receptacle containing such articles is raised at least 24 inches above the sidewalk, platform, or landing upon which such receptacle rests.

Meats or other products, as named above, shall not be carried through any street, private way, or public place unless properly protected or screened from dust and flies. Every person being the occupant or lessee of any room, stall, building, or place where any meat, poultry, game, fish, sea food, milk, vegetables, butter, fruit, confectionery, bakers' products, or other articles intended for human food shall be kept, stored, sold, or offered for sale, shall maintain such room, stall, building, or place and its appurtenances in a clean and wholesome condition. Every peddler of foodstuffs from wagons or carts, in addition to the covering or screen provided for in this regulation shall keep in his wagon or cart a suitable receptacle for the wastes of his business, such wastes to be disposed of in a manner that shall not create a nuisance.

No person or corporation, individually or by his agents, servants, or employees, shall transport meat or poultry of any description through the public streets or ways of the city of Salem except in wagons or vehicles which have been thoroughly washed at least once in every 24 hours. [Regulation board of health, adopted Mar. 22, 1910.]

#### MILK—REGULATION OF THE CARE AND SALE.

REG. 28, ART. 1, SEC. 1. All persons in the city of Salem engaged in the production of milk for sale, or in the business of selling, delivering, or distributing milk in said city, shall annually, on the 1st day of May, or within 30 days thereafter, make written application to the inspector of milk, on forms prescribed by the board of health for a license.

SEC. 2. No person in said city shall engage in the business of producing milk for sale, or in the sale or distribution of milk in the city of Salem, without a license so to do, under these regulations and such other conditions as the board of health may impose; said license to be revoked if the licensee fails to comply with the conditions of his license or the regulations of this board.

SEC. 3. The conditions under which every cow is kept whose milk is brought into the city of Salem, or kept, delivered, distributed, sold, or offered for sale in said city, shall be made known by the licensee to the inspector of milk in such detail as the board of health may require, and shall be approved by said board, and no milk except

that derived from such cows shall be brought, kept, delivered, sold, or offered for sale in said city.

SEC. 4. No milk shall be sold, offered for sale, or distributed in the city of Salem unless the cows from which it is delivered have, within one year, been examined by a competent authority, and shown to be free from diseases dangerous to the public health.

SEC. 5. All persons having a permit or license to sell, deliver or distribute milk in the city of Salem, shall keep a copy of the license constantly posted in a conspicuous place on the premises, and shall have his name and the number of his license marked in plain, uncondensed gothic letters, not less than 1 inch in height, on vehicles used by him in the conveyance and sale of milk.

ART. 2, SEC. 1. No milk for sale or distribution shall be stored in that portion of the building which is used for the stabling of horses, cows, or other animals, or for the storing of manure, or in any room used in whole or in part for domestic or sleeping purposes.

SEC. 2. No person in the city of Salem engaged in the business of producing milk for sale and no person engaged in the business of storing or delivering milk in said city shall store, cool, or mix said milk in any room which is occupied by horses, cows, or other animals. All rooms in which milk is stored, cooled, or mixed shall be provided with tight walls and floor and kept constantly clean. The walls and floors of said rooms to be of such construction as to allow easy and thorough cleansing. The room or rooms aforesaid shall contain proper appliances for washing and sterilizing all utensils actually employed in the storage, sale, or distribution of milk, and all such apparatus and utensils shall be sterilized with boiling water or sterilized by steam regularly after being so used.

SEC. 3. No urinal, water-closet, or privy shall be located in the rooms called for in the preceding section or so situated as to pollute the atmosphere of said rooms.

SEC. 4. All milk produced in the city of Salem for sale shall be strained, cooled, or stored as soon as it is drawn from the cow.

ART. 3, SEC. 1. Milk kept for sale in any store, shop, restaurant, market, bakery, or other establishment shall always be kept in a covered cooler, box, or refrigerator, properly drained and cared for, and while therein shall be kept tightly closed and only in such locations and under such conditions as shall be approved by board of health.

ART. 4, SEC. 1. All cans, bottles, or other vessels of any sort used in the retail sale, delivery, or distribution of milk to the consumer must be cleaned and sterilized before they are again used for the same purpose; and it shall be deemed a sufficient reason for forfeiture of license for any milk dealer to fail to do so.

SEC. 2. No person shall use in any way a milk vessel for any other substance than milk; and any licensed milk dealer who shall so misuse such vessel shall be liable to forfeiture of license.

ART. 5, SEC. 1. Every person engaged in the production, storage, transportation, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk shall immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of infectious disease, either in himself or in his family, or amongst his employees or within the building or premises where milk is stored, sold, or distributed, notify the board of health, and at the same time shall suspend the sale and distribution of milk until authorized to resume the same by the board of health. No vessels which have been handled by persons suffering from such diseases shall be used to hold or convey milk until they have been thoroughly sterilized.

ART. 6, SEC. 1. In all cases of diphtheria, scarlet fever, and typhoid fever, on notification, all milkmen shall discontinue leaving any milk jars or cans of any description at the house where said disease exists, and notify the family that they must furnish their own receptacles for the milk.

ART. 7, SEC. 1. No person, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent or any other person, firm, or corporation, shall in the city of Salem sell, exchange, or deliver, or have in his custody or possession with intent to sell, exchange, or deliver, any milk, skimmed milk, or cream which has a temperature higher than 50° F.—[Regulation board of health, adopted Mar. 22, 1910.]